Arabic B1, lesson 6: forms V and VI (تَفَعَّلَ and تَفاعَلَ)

تَعَلَّمَ he learned	تَكَلَّمَ he spoke	تَقَدَّمَ he moved forward
تَعاوَنَ they cooperated	تَبادَلَ they exchanged	تَسابَقَ they raced
ثِقَة confidence	نادٍ club	أَحْيانًا sometimes

لُغَة

language

تَعَلَّمَ أَحْمَدُ اللُّغَةَ العَرَبِيَّةَ فِي سَنَتَيْنِ.

يَتَكَلَّمُ الآنَ بِثِقَةٍ وَقَدْ تَقَدَّمَ كَثِيرًا.

وَفِي النّادي يَتَعاوَنُ مَعَ أَصْدِقائِهِ وَيَتَبادَلونَ الكُتُبَ.

وَأَحْيانًا يَتَسابَقونَ فِي القِراءَةِ.

▶ **Show the translation**

Form V: تَفَعَّلَ = prefix تَـ + form II (doubled 2nd radical). It often expresses the **result or reflexive** of form II: عَلَّمَ (to teach) → تَعَلَّمَ (to learn, "to get oneself taught"). Present: يَتَفَعَّلُ; verbal noun: تَفَعُّل (تَعَلُّم, تَكَلُّم, تَقَدُّم); active participle: مُتَفَعِّل.

Form VI: تَفَاعَلَ = prefix تَـ + form III (long alif). It expresses **reciprocity**: several people do the action with one another (تَعاوَنَ to cooperate, تَبادَلَ to exchange, تَسابَقَ to race). Present:

يَتَفاعَلُ; verbal noun: تَفاعُل; active participle: مُتَفاعِل.

Common point: in the past, both forms begin with تَـ. In the present the prefix keeps its fatha (يَتَـ), unlike forms II, III and IV (يُـ).

Forms V and VI

Root	past	present	verbal noun	active part.
ع ل م (V)	تَعَلَّمَ	يَتَعَلَّمُ	تَعَلُّم	مُتَعَلِّم
ك ل م (V)	تَكَلَّمَ	يَتَكَلَّمُ	تَكَلُّم	مُتَكَلِّم
ق د م (V)	تَقَدَّمَ	يَتَقَدَّمُ	تَقَدُّم	مُتَقَدِّم
ع و ن (VI)	تَعاوَنَ	يَتَعاوَنُ	تَعاوُن	مُتَعاوِن
ب د ل (VI)	تَبادَلَ	يَتَبادَلُ	تَبادُل	مُتَبادِل
س ب ق (VI)	تَسابَقَ	يَتَسابَقُ	تَسابُق	مُتَسابِق

Match each verb with its meaning.

تَعَلَّمَ

تَكَلَّمَ

to move forward

to cooperate

تَقَدَّمَ	to learn
تَعاوَنَ	to speak
تَبادَلَ	to exchange

Check Start again

Write two sentences with a form V verb and two with a form VI verb.

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