Arabic B2, lesson 3: numbers from 3 to 100

طابِق floor	كُرْسِيّ chair	اِشْتَرى he bought
عِشْرون twenty	مِئَة hundred	أَلْف thousand
ثانٍ second	سَنَة year	مُعَلِّمات female teachers

عَدَد

number

في مَدْرَسَتِنا ثَلاثُ مُعَلِّماتٍ وَسَبْعَةُ مُعَلِّمينَ.

وَفي الصَّفِّ خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ طالِبًا وَإِحْدى عَشْرَةَ طالِبَةً.

اِشْتَرَتِ المَدْرَسَةُ ثَلاثَةً وَعِشْرينَ كِتابًا.

وَفي الطّابِقِ الثّاني مِئَةُ كُرْسِيٍّ.

▶ **Show the translation**

Arabic numbers follow their own rules:

- **1 and 2**: the adjective واحِد / اِثْنانِ follows the noun, in the same gender: كِتابٌ واحِدٌ, كِتابانِ اثْنانِ.
- **3 to 10**: the number has the **opposite** gender to the noun, and the noun is **genitive plural**: ثَلاثَةُ كُتُبٍ (m.), ثَلاثُ مُعَلِّماتٍ (f.).

- **11 to 19**: the number is **invariable** (fatha); the units 11 and 12 agree, the units 13 to 19 reverse the gender, the tens عَشَرَ / عَشْرَةَ follow the noun's gender; the noun is **singular accusative**: إِحْدى عَشْرَةَ طالِبَةً, خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ طالِبًا.
- **20 to 99**: the tens decline like a sound masculine plural (عِشْرينَ / عِشْرونَ), the noun is **singular accusative**; units come first: ثَلاثَةٌ وَعِشْرونَ كِتابًا.
- **100 and 1000**: مِئَة and أَلْف are followed by a **singular genitive**: مِئَةُ كُرْسِيٍّ.

Ordinals: فاعِل for 3 to 10 (الثّالِث, الرّابِع…), and الأَوَّل, الثّاني; they agree like adjectives.

Numbers and nouns

Number	Masculine noun	Feminine noun
3	ثَلاثَةُ كُتُبٍ	ثَلاثُ مُعَلِّماتٍ
10	عَشَرَةُ كُتُبٍ	عَشْرُ مُعَلِّماتٍ
11	أَحَدَ عَشَرَ كِتابًا	إِحْدى عَشْرَةَ طالِبَةً
15	خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ طالِبًا	خَمْسَ عَشْرَةَ طالِبَةً
20	عِشْرونَ كِتابًا	عِشْرونَ طالِبَةً
100	مِئَةُ كِتابٍ	مِئَةُ طالِبَةٍ

Match each digit with its spelled-out form.

3 (m.)	عِشْرونَ
11 (f.)	أَلْف
15 (m.)	ثَلاثَة
20	مِئَة
100	خَمْسَةَ عَشَرَ
1000	إِحْدى عَشْرَةَ

Check Start again

Describe your class or family with five different numbers (one from 3 to 10, one from 11 to 19, a ten, 100).

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