Idgham with ghunnah: ي ن م و

Idgham means “merging”. The noon sakinah or tanween disappears into the next letter, but the nasal sound (ghunnah) stays for about 2 counts.

Content being reviewed by a teacher: please confirm with your own teacher.

1 Understand

The letters are ي ن م و, summed up as “yanmu”. The letter must be in the next word: the noon and the letter belong to two different words.

2 Spot it

Exception: inside the same word (الدُّنْيَا، قِنْوَانٌ، صِنْوَانٌ، بُنْيَانٌ) the noon is read clearly: this is izhar mutlaq.

3 Read it

Say the next letter doubled, keeping the nasal sound for 2 counts: مَن يَقُولُ is read “may-yaqool”.



The 4 letters of idgham with ghunnah

idgham with ghunna

جَزَآءً وِفَاقًا

Surah 78, verse 26

Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

وَطَلْحٍ مَّنضُودٍ

Surah 56, verse 29

Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

كِتَٰبٌ مَّرقُومٌ

Surah 83, verse 9

Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

فِى رَقٍّ مَّنشُورٍ

Surah 52, verse 3

Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

وَعِنَبًا وَقَضْبًا

Surah 80, verse 28

🔊 Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

وَجَنَّٰتٍ وَعُيُونٍ

Surah 26, verse 134

🔊 Listen (Mishary Al-Afasy)

Previous rule · Izhar: reading noon sakinah and tanween clearly

All rules

Next rule

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