Exercise answer key : Quranic vocabulary 1: Pronouns, demonstratives and question words

Quranic vocabulary

Detailed answer key for the exercises on "Quranic vocabulary 1: Pronouns, demonstratives and question words" (Quranic vocabulary), with step-by-step explanations.

Content under review.

Exercise 1

Translate each word into English.

1. كَيْفَ
   → **how?**
2. ما
   → **what; not**
3. ذُو
   → **owner of, possessing**
4. أَنَا
   → **I**
5. مَن
   → **who?**
6. نَحْنُ
   → **we**

The meanings are those given in the lesson.

Exercise 2

Write in Arabic, with vowels, the word that matches the meaning.

1. he, him
   → هُوَ
2. here! (particle)
   → ها
3. this, that
   → هٰذَا
4. which?
   → أَيّ
5. you (pl.)
   → أَنتُمْ

6. what?
   → ماذا

Exercise 3

Write the pronunciation (Latin transcription) of each word.

1. أَنَا
   → anā
2. مَن
   → man
3. نَحْنُ
   → naḥnu
4. هُوَ
   → huwa
5. ها
   → hā

Exercise 4

Write each word in vowelled Arabic from its pronunciation.

1. ayy
   → أَيّ
2. antum
   → أَنتُمْ
3. mādhā
   → ماذا
4. hum
   → هُمْ
5. hiya
   → هِيَ

Exercise 5

These words are written without vowels. Copy them with all their vowels, as in the lesson.

1. كيف
   → كَيْف
2. أنا
   → أَنَا

3. نحن
   → نَحْنُ
4. هذا
   → هٰذا
5. أنتم
   → أَنتُمْ

The expected vowelling is that of the lesson vocabulary.

Exercise 6

Choose the right meaning from the list: we ; I ; who? ; here! (particle) ; owner of, possessing ; he, him.

1. ذُو
   → owner of, possessing
2. أَنَا
   → I
3. مَن
   → who?
4. نَحْنُ
   → we
5. هُوَ
   → he, him
6. ها
   → here! (particle)

Exercise 7

Each clue is an Arabic explanation (given in the lesson). Write the lesson word it describes.

1. سؤال عن الحال
   → كَيْف
2. ماذا / نفي
   → ما
3. صاحب
   → ذُو
4. ضمير المتكلم

أَنَا →

5. سؤال عن العاقل

مَن →

Exercise 8

Each line gives a short excerpt from the vocabulary list, then a lesson word found in it. Give the meaning of that word (linguistic meaning only).

1. مَا لَكُمْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ ← كَيْفَ
   → how?
2. كَمَآ أَنزَلْنَا عَلَى ٱلْمُقْتَسِمِينَ ← ما
   → what; not
3. صٓ وَٱلْقُرْءَانِ ذِى ٱلذِّكْرِ ← ذُو
   → owner of, possessing
4. وَمَآ أَنَا۠ بِطَارِدِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ← أَنَا
   → I

Exercise 9

In each excerpt, copy the word that matches the given meaning (copy it exactly as written).

1. مَا لَكُمْ كَيْفَ تَحْكُمُونَ ← « how? »
   → كَيْفَ
2. وَمَآ أَنَا۠ بِطَارِدِ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ← « I »
   → أَنَا۠
3. هَلْ نَحْنُ مُنظَرُونَ فَيَقُولُوا۟ ← « we »
   → نَحْنُ
4. قُلْ نَعَمْ وَأَنتُمْ دَٰخِرُونَ ← « you (pl.) »
   → وَأَنتُمْ

The word may carry a prefix or suffix (for example "and", "the", "their").

Exercise 10

Count the words in each excerpt (words are separated by spaces).

1. إِلَّا تَذْكِرَةً لِّمَن يَخْشَىٰ
   4 →
2. هَلْ نَحْنُ مُنظَرُونَ فَيَقُولُوا۟
   4 →

3. ٱلَّذِى خَلَقَنِى فَهُوَ يَهْدِينِ
   4 →
4. عَيْنًا يَشْرَبُ بِهَا ٱلْمُقَرَّبُونَ
   4 →

Exercise 11

Copy the requested word.

1. First word of: وَمَا تِلْكَ بِيَمِينِكَ يَٰمُوسَىٰ
   وَمَا →
2. Last word of: وَٱمْتَٰزُوا۟ ٱلْيَوْمَ أَيُّهَا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ
   ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ →
3. First word of: قُلْ نَعَمْ وَأَنتُمْ دَٰخِرُونَ
   قُلْ →
4. Last word of: قَالُوا۟ وَأَقْبَلُوا۟ عَلَيْهِم مَّاذَا تَفْقِدُونَ
   تَفْقِدُونَ →

Exercise 12

In each pair, which word is the most frequent in the Quran? Use the numbers from the lesson.

1. كَيْف / ما
   ما →
2. ذُو / مَن
   مَن →
3. أَنَا / نَحْنُ
   نَحْنُ →
4. هُوَ / هَٰذَا
   هَٰذَا →
5. ها / هُمْ
   هُمْ →

The number shown in the lesson is the number of occurrences.

Exercise 13

Order these words from most to least frequent (write the words on one line, separated by « ، »).

1. هُمْ ، ما ، هٰذا ، الَّذي
   → ما ، الَّذِي ، هٰذا ، هُمْ

Exercise 14

True or false? Correct it if it is false.

1. "ما" means "what; not".
   → True.
2. "ذُو" means "how?".
   → False: "ذُو" means "owner of, possessing".
3. "أَنَا" means "I".
   → True.
4. "مَن" means "we".
   → False: "مَن" means "who?".
5. "نَحْنُ" means "we".
   → True.
6. "هُوَ" means "what; not".
   → False: "هُوَ" means "he, him".
7. "ها" means "here! (particle)".
   → True.
8. "هٰذا" means "how?".
   → False: "هٰذا" means "this, that".

Exercise 15

How many letters does each word have (not counting vowels)?

1. كَيْف
   3 →
2. أَنَا
   3 →
3. نَحْنُ
   3 →
4. أَنتُمْ
   4 →
5. ماذا
   4 →

Exercise 16

What is the function of each small word? Answer in Arabic, as in the lesson

(negation, condition, question…).

1. مَن
   سؤال عن العاقل →
2. نَحْنُ
   ضمير المتكلمين →
3. هُوَ
   ضمير الغائب →
4. ها
   للتنبيه →
5. هٰذا
   اسم إشارة →
6. أَيّ
   سؤال للتعيين →

Exercise 17

How many times does this word appear in the Quran? Read the number in the lesson.

1. ها
   125 →
2. هٰذا
   1058 →
3. أَيّ
   215 →
4. أَنتُمْ
   135 →

Exercise 18

Write the following words in vowelled Arabic.

1. who, which (m.)
   → الَّذِي
2. how?
   → كَيْف
3. what; not
   → ما
4. owner of, possessing

→ ذُو

5. I
   → أَنَا
6. who?
   → مَن

Exercise 19

Sort each word: "more than 156 times" or "156 times or fewer" in the Quran (numbers from the lesson).

1. هٰذا
   → more than 156 times
2. أَيّ
   → more than 156 times
3. أَنتُمْ
   156 → times or fewer
4. ماذا
   156 → times or fewer
5. هُمْ
   → more than 156 times
6. هِيَ
   156 → times or fewer

Exercise 20

Write the meaning of each word in English, then use each in a phrase of your choice (at least two words).

1. هُمْ
   → they (m.) (+ free phrase)
2. هِيَ
   → she, her (+ free phrase)
3. أَنتَ
   → you (m. sing.) (+ free phrase)
4. الَّذي
   → who, which (m.) (+ free phrase)

Exercise 21

Write three lesson words you remember best, with their meaning (free answer).

1. Word 1, word 2, word 3

→ Free answer, for example: كَيْف = how?; ما = what; not; ذُو = owner of, possessing

Exercise 22

In each excerpt a lesson word is given. Write its pronunciation and its meaning.

1. وَمَا تِلْكَ بِيَمِينِكَ يَٰمُوسَىٰ ← هٰذا
   → hādhā — this, that
2. وَٱمْتَٰزُوا۟ ٱلْيَوْمَ أَيُّهَا ٱلْمُجْرِمُونَ ← أَيّ
   → ayy — which?
3. قُلْ نَعَمْ وَأَنتُمْ دَٰخِرُونَ ← أَنتُمْ
   → antum — you (pl.)
4. قَالُوا۟ وَأَقْبَلُوا۟ عَلَيْهِم مَّاذَا تَفْقِدُونَ ← ماذا
   → mādhā — what?