Exercise answer key : Quranic vocabulary 3: Particles and small words 2

Quranic vocabulary

Detailed answer key for the exercises on "Quranic vocabulary 3: Particles and small words 2" (Quranic vocabulary), with step-by-step explanations.

Content under review.

Exercise 1

Translate each word into English.

1. لَعَلّ
   → **perhaps, so that**
2. أَم
   → **or (in questions)**
3. لَمّا
   → **when; not yet**
4. أَلا
   → **beware!, lo!**
5. مَع
   → **with**
6. لَو
   → **if (unreal)**

The meanings are those given in the lesson.

Exercise 2

Write in Arabic, with vowels, the word that matches the meaning.

1. soon (future)
   → **سَوْف**
2. is it that? (question)
   → **هَل**
3. then, in that case
   → **إِذْن**
4. if not for, why not
   → **لَوْلا**
5. rather, nay
   → **بَل**

6. as for
   → أَمّا

Exercise 3

Write the pronunciation (Latin transcription) of each word.

1. أَلا
   → alā
2. مَع
   → maʿa
3. لَو
   → law
4. سَوْف
   → sawfa
5. هَل
   → hal

Exercise 4

Write each word in vowelled Arabic from its pronunciation.

1. lawlā
   → لَوْلا
2. bal
   → بَل
3. ammā
   → أَمّا
4. ḥattā
   → حَتَّى
5. lākin
   → لٰكِنْ

Exercise 5

These words are written without vowels. Copy them with all their vowels, as in the lesson.

1. لعل
   → لَعَلّ
2. لما
   → لَمّا

3. ألا
   أَلا →
4. سوف
   سَوْف →
5. إذن
   إِذْن →

The expected vowelling is that of the lesson vocabulary.

Exercise 6

Choose the right meaning from the list: if (unreal) ; then, in that case ; beware!, lo! ; with ; when; not yet ; soon (future).

1. لَمّا
   → when; not yet
2. أَلا
   → beware!, lo!
3. مَع
   → with
4. لَو
   → if (unreal)
5. سَوْف
   → soon (future)
6. إِذْن
   → then, in that case

Exercise 7

Each clue is an Arabic explanation (given in the lesson). Write the lesson word it describes.

1. ترجّ
   لَعَلَّ →
2. حرف عطف
   أَم →
3. حين / نفي
   لَمّا →
4. للتنبيه

→ أَلا

5. مصاحبة

→ مَع

Exercise 8

Each line gives a short excerpt from the vocabulary list, then a lesson word found in it. Give the meaning of that word (linguistic meaning only).

1. وَتَتَّخِذُونَ مَصَانِعَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَخْلُدُونَ ← لَعَلّ
   → **perhaps, so that**
2. أَمْ لَكُمْ سُلْطَٰنٌ مُّبِينٌ ← أَم
   → **or (in questions)**
3. فَلَمَّآ أَتَىٰهَا نُودِيَ يَٰمُوسَىٰٓ ← لَمّا
   → **when; not yet**
4. أَلَآ إِنَّهُم مِّنْ إِفْكِهِمْ لَيَقُولُونَ ← أَلا
   → **beware!, lo!**

Exercise 9

In each excerpt, copy the word that matches the given meaning (copy it exactly as written).

1. وَتَتَّخِذُونَ مَصَانِعَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَخْلُدُونَ ← « perhaps, so that »
   → **لَعَلَّكُمْ**
2. فَلَمَّآ أَتَىٰهَا نُودِيَ يَٰمُوسَىٰٓ ← « when; not yet »
   → **فَلَمَّآ**
3. أَلَآ إِنَّهُم مِّنْ إِفْكِهِمْ لَيَقُولُونَ ← « beware!, lo! »
   → **أَلَآ**
4. فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿ بِهِۦ ﴿ فَكَفَرُوا ← « soon (future) »
   → **فَسَوْفَ**

The word may carry a prefix or suffix (for example "and", "the", "their").

Exercise 10

Count the words in each excerpt (words are separated by spaces).

1. وَكُنَّا نَخُوضُ مَعَ ٱلْخَآئِضِينَ
   4 →
2. وَدُّوا ﴿ لَوْ تُدْهِنُ فَيُدْهِنُونَ
   4 →

3. فَكَفَرُوا۟ بِهِۦ ؟ فَسَوْفَ يَعْلَمُونَ
   4 →
4. وَهَلْ أَتَىٰكَ حَدِيثُ مُوسَىٰٓ
   4 →

Exercise 11

Copy the requested word.

1. First word of: وَدَاعِيًا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ بِإِذْنِهِۦ ؟ وَسِرَاجًا مُّنِيرًا
   وَدَاعِيًا →
2. Last word of: نَحْنُ خَلَقْنَٰكُمْ فَلَوْلَا تُصَدِّقُونَ
   تُصَدِّقُونَ →
3. First word of: بَلْ هُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ مُسْتَسْلِمُونَ
   بَلْ →
4. Last word of: فَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَأُهْلِكُوا۟ بِٱلطَّاغِيَةِ
   بِٱلطَّاغِيَةِ →

Exercise 12

In each pair, which word is the most frequent in the Quran? Use the numbers from the lesson.

1. لَعَلّ / لَمّا
   لَمّا →
2. أَم / مَع
   مَع →
3. أَلا / لَو
   لَو →
4. سَوْف / هَل
   هَل →
5. إِذْن / لَوْلا
   لَوْلا →

The number shown in the lesson is the number of occurrences.

Exercise 13

Order these words from most to least frequent (write the words on one line, separated by « ، »).

1. حَتَّى ، لَو ، مَع ، لَمّا
   → لَو ، لَمّا ، مَع ، حَتَّى

Exercise 14

True or false? Correct it if it is false.

1. "أَم" means "or (in questions)".
   → True.
2. "لَمّا" means "rather, nay".
   → False: "لَمّا" means "when; not yet".
3. "أَلا" means "beware!, lo!".
   → True.
4. "مَع" means "but".
   → False: "مَع" means "with".
5. "لَو" means "if (unreal)".
   → True.
6. "سَوْف" means "perhaps, so that".
   → False: "سَوْف" means "soon (future)".
7. "هَل" means "is it that? (question)".
   → True.
8. "إِذْن" means "but".
   → False: "إِذْن" means "then, in that case".

Exercise 15

How many letters does each word have (not counting vowels)?

1. أَلا
   3 →
2. سَوْف
   3 →
3. إِذْن
   3 →
4. لَوْلا
   4 →

Exercise 16

Put the letters in order to find a lesson word, then write it with its vowels.

1. أ ـ ا ـ ل
   → أَلا

2. ف ـ س ـ و
   سَوْف →
3. ن ـ ذ ـ إ
   إِذْن →
4. ل ـ و ـ ا ـ ل
   لَوْلا →

Exercise 17

What is the function of each small word? Answer in Arabic, as in the lesson (negation, condition, question…).

1. مَع
   مصاحبة →
2. لَو
   شرط غير متحقق →
3. سَوْف
   للمستقبل →
4. هَل
   للاستفهام →
5. إِذْن
   جواب وجزاء →
6. لَوْلا
   حرف امتناع →

Exercise 18

How many times does this word appear in the Quran? Read the number in the lesson.

1. هَل
   93 →
2. إِذْن
   39 →
3. لَوْلا
   75 →
4. بَل
   127 →

Exercise 19

Write the following words in vowelled Arabic.

1. as if
   → كَأَنّ
2. perhaps, so that
   → لَعَلّ
3. or (in questions)
   → أَم
4. when; not yet
   → لَمّا
5. beware!, lo!
   → أَلا
6. with
   → مَع

Exercise 20

Sort each word: "more than 127 times" or "127 times or fewer" in the Quran (numbers from the lesson).

1. إِذْن
   127 → times or fewer
2. لَوْلا
   127 → times or fewer
3. بَل
   127 → times or fewer
4. أَمّا
   127 → times or fewer
5. حَتَّى
   → more than 127 times
6. لٰكِنْ
   → more than 127 times

Exercise 21

Write the meaning of each word in English, then use each in a phrase of your choice (at least two words).

1. حَتَّى
   → until (+ free phrase)

2. لٰكِنْ
   → **but (+ free phrase)**
3. لَن
   → **never (future) (+ free phrase)**
4. كَأَنّ
   → **as if (+ free phrase)**

Exercise 22

Write three lesson words you remember best, with their meaning (free answer).

1. Word 1, word 2, word 3
   → **Free answer, for example: لَعَلّ = perhaps, so that; أَم = or (in questions); لَمّا = when; not yet**

Exercise 23

In each excerpt a lesson word is given. Write its pronunciation and its meaning.

1. وَدَاعِيًا إِلَى ٱللَّهِ بِإِذْنِهِۦ وَسِرَاجًا مُّنِيرًا ← إِذْن
   → **idhan — then, in that case**
2. نَحْنُ خَلَقْنٰكُمْ فَلَوْلَا تُصَدِّقُونَ ← لَوْلا
   → **lawlā — if not for, why not**
3. بَلْ هُمُ ٱلْيَوْمَ مُسْتَسْلِمُونَ ← بَل
   → **bal — rather, nay**
4. فَأَمَّا ثَمُودُ فَأُهْلِكُوا۟ بِٱلطَّاغِيَةِ ← أَمّا
   → **ammā — as for**