Exercise answer key : Greetings

Arabic A1

Detailed answer key for the exercises on "Greetings" (Arabic A1), with step-by-step explanations.

Exercise 1

Translate into English.

1. شُكْرًا
   → **thank you**
2. نَعَمْ
   → **yes**
3. لَا
   → **no**
4. عَفْوًا
   → **you're welcome**

Exercise 2

Translate into Arabic (with vowels).

1. Thank you.
   → **شُكْرًا**
2. Yes.
   → **نَعَمْ**
3. No.
   → **لَا**
4. Goodbye.
   → **مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ**

Exercise 3

Which greeting do you say at this time of day?

1. In the morning
   → **صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ**
2. In the evening
   → **مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ**

The word خَيْر means “good”; صَبَاح = morning, مَسَاء = evening.

Exercise 4

Match each greeting with its reply (write the reply).

1. السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ
   → **وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلَامُ**
2. كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
   → **بِخَيْرٍ**
3. شُكْرًا
   → **عَفْوًا**
4. مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ
   → **مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ**

Exercise 5

Put the words in order to make a sentence.

1. بِخَيْرٍ / أَنَا
   → **أَنَا بِخَيْرٍ**
2. حَالُكَ / كَيْفَ
   → **كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟**
3. السَّلَامَةِ / مَعَ
   → **مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ**
4. وَسَهْلًا / أَهْلًا
   → **أَهْلًا وَسَهْلًا**

Exercise 6

Find the odd one out: which is not a greeting for arriving?

1. مَرْحَبًا ـ شُكْرًا ـ أَهْلًا وَسَهْلًا
   → **شُكْرًا**
2. صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ ـ مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ ـ مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ
   → **مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ**

Exercise 7

Complete with the right word.

1. كَيْفَ _____ ؟ (حَالُكَ / شُكْرًا)
   → **حَالُكَ**
2. أَنَا _____ ، شُكْرًا. (بِخَيْرٍ / مَرْحَبًا)

→ بِخَيْرٍ

3. _____ ! ـ (شُكْرًا / لَا) .عَفْوًا

→ شُكْرًا

4. (السَّلَامَةِ / الْخَيْرِ) _____ مَعَ

→ السَّلَامَةِ

Exercise 8

True or false?

1. We say مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ in the morning.
   → **False**
2. عَفْوًا is a reply to شُكْرًا.
   → **True**
3. Arabic is written from right to left.
   → **True**
4. In Arabic, a word for “am” is said in أَنَا بِخَيْرٍ.
   → **False**

In the present, Arabic does not use the verb “to be”.

Exercise 9

Say it to a woman: change the sentence.

1. كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟

   → كَيْفَ حَالُكِ؟

2. وَأَنْتَ؟

   → وَأَنْتِ؟

3. وَكَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟

   → وَكَيْفَ حَالُكِ؟

To a woman, the ending “a” (كَ) becomes “i” (كِ).

Exercise 10

Who is being spoken to: a man or a woman?

1. كَيْفَ حَالُكِ؟
   → **a woman**
2. كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
   → **a man**

3. وَأَنْتَ؟
   → **a man**

Exercise 11

Add the vowels (vocalize).

1. شكرا
   → **شُكْرًا**
2. مرحبا
   → **مَرْحَبًا**
3. نعم
   → **نَعَمْ**
4. عفوا
   → **عَفْوًا**
5. مع السلامة
   → **مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ**

Exercise 12

Reply to each sentence.

1. كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
   → **أَنَا بِخَيْرٍ، شُكْرًا.**
2. أَهْلًا وَسَهْلًا
   → **مَرْحَبًا**
3. مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ
   → **مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ**
4. شُكْرًا
   → **عَفْوًا**

Several replies are possible; these are examples.

Exercise 13

Read the dialogue then answer. سَلْمَى : السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ يَا كَرِيم. - كَرِيم : وَعَلَيْكُمُ السَّلَامُ يَا سَلْمَى. كَيْفَ حَالُكِ؟ - سَلْمَى : بِخَيْرٍ، شُكْرًا. - كَرِيم : عَفْوًا. مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ.

1. Who greets first?
   → **Salma**

2. Who asks “how are you?”
   → **Karim**
3. What does Salma answer?
   → **She is fine, thank you.**
4. How does Karim say goodbye?
   → مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ

Exercise 14

Write in Arabic letters with vowels.

1. shukran
   → شُكْرًا
2. marḥaban
   → مَرْحَبًا
3. naʿam
   → نَعَمْ
4. ʿafwan
   → عَفْوًا

Exercise 15

Write the pronunciation (transliteration) of each word.

1. شُكْرًا
   → **shukran**
2. مَرْحَبًا
   → **marḥaban**
3. صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ
   → **ṣabāḥu l-khayr**

Exercise 16

What do you say in this situation?

1. You arrive at a friend's home in the evening.
   → مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ
2. You leave the classroom.
   → مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ
3. A friend gives you a gift.
   → شُكْرًا
4. You welcome a guest.
   → أَهْلًا وَسَهْلًا

Exercise 17

Put the dialogue in order: number from ١ to ٤.

1. مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ
   ٤ →
2. كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟
   ٢ →
3. السَّلَامُ عَلَيْكُمْ
   ١ →
4. بِخَيْرٍ، شُكْرًا
   ٣ →

Exercise 18

Give the opposite or logical counterpart.

1. نَعَمْ
   لَا →
2. مَرْحَبًا (arriving) / ... (leaving)
   → مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ
3. صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ / ... (evening)
   → مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ

Exercise 19

Fix the mistake in each situation: what should have been said?

1. It is 8 a.m.: “مَسَاءُ الْخَيْرِ!”
   → صَبَاحُ الْخَيْرِ
2. Someone says شُكْرًا and you reply مَرْحَبًا.
   → عَفْوًا
3. You leave and say أَهْلًا وَسَهْلًا.
   → مَعَ السَّلَامَةِ

Exercise 20

Write a 3-line dialogue between two friends (greeting, question, answer).

1. Free writing
   → Example: مَرْحَبًا - كَيْفَ حَالُكَ؟ - بِخَيْرٍ، شُكْرًا.