Exercises : Idgham shafawi: the meem sakinah before م

Tajweed

Printable worksheet of progressive exercises on "Idgham shafawi: the meem sakinah before م" (Tajweed), with a separate answer key on coran-alim.com.

Content under review.

The exercises go from easiest to hardest. Answers on coran-alim.com.

Exercise 1

Define the rule in one sentence.

1. idgham shafawi (meem into meem)

.....

Exercise 2

Before which letter is the meem sakinah merged by idgham shafawi?

1. idgham shafawi (meem into meem)

.....

Exercise 3

Answer the questions about the letters.

1. How many letters trigger idgham shafawi?

.....

Exercise 4

Does this letter trigger the rule? Answer yes or no.

1. ت

.....

2. م

.....

3. د

.....

4. ش

.....

Exercise 5

A meem sakinah is followed by the given letter. Is there idgham shafawi (meem into meem)? Yes or no.

1. مْ + م

.....

2. مْ + ب

.....

3. مْ + ف

.....

4. مْ + م (mot suivant)

.....

Exercise 6

A meem sakinah is followed by the given letter. Is there idgham shafawi (meem into meem)? Yes or no.

1. مْ + و

.....

2. مْ + ن

.....

Exercise 7

In each passage, copy the group of letters where the rule applies (the case shown in the lesson).

1. فَأَتْبَعُوهُم مُّشْرِقِينَ

.....

2. أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تُمْنُونَ

.....

3. فَوَٰكِهُ ؟ وَهُم مُّكْرَمُونَ

.....

Exercise 8

In each passage, copy the group of letters where the rule applies (the case shown in the lesson).

1. إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِم مُّؤْصَدَةٌ

.....

2. وَلَهُم مَّقَٰمِعُ مِنْ حَدِيدٍ

.....

Exercise 9

In each passage, only one rule is marked on the site: “idgham shafawi (meem into meem)” or “ikhfa shafawi”. Which one?

1. فَأَتْبَعُوهُم مُّشْرِقِينَ

.....

2. فَإِذَا هُم بِٱلسَّاهِرَةِ

.....

3. وَمَا صَاحِبُكُم بِمَجْنُونٍ

.....

4. أَفَرَءَيْتُم مَّا تُمْنُونَ

.....

Exercise 10

In each passage, only one rule is marked on the site: “idgham shafawi (meem into meem)” or “ikhfa shafawi”. Which one?

1. فَوَٰكِهُ ؟ وَهُم مُّكْرَمُونَ

.....

2. فَبَشِّرْهُم بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ

.....

3. إِنَّهَا عَلَيْهِم مُّؤْصَدَةٌ

.....

4. لَّسْتَ عَلَيْهِم بِمُصَيْطِرٍ

.....

Exercise 11

Answer the questions about length and sound.

1. How long is the ghunnah?

.....

2. How many meems do you hear after merging?

.....

3. What does “shafawi” mean?

.....

Exercise 12

Explain how it is pronounced.

1. How do you pronounce two meems in a row (the first being sakin)?

.....

2. What should you avoid?

.....

Exercise 13

Answer the pronunciation question.

1. Where does the ghunnah come from?

.....

Exercise 14

Compare this rule with a neighbouring rule.

1. What is the difference between idgham shafawi and ikhfa shafawi?

   .....

2. What is the difference with izhar shafawi?

   .....

3. What is the difference with idgham with ghunnah (و م ن ي)?

   .....

Exercise 15

True or false? If it is false, correct it.

1. A meem sakinah followed by م merges into a doubled meem.

   .....

2. You keep the two meems clearly separate.

   .....

3. The ghunnah lasts about 2 counts.

   .....

4. The rule also concerns the meem sakinah before ب.

   .....

Exercise 16

True or false? If it is false, correct it.

1. The word “shafawi” refers to the lips.

   .....

2. This rule has no ghunnah.

   .....

3. There is only one trigger letter: م.

   .....

4. The meem sakinah before م is read clearly, without merging.

   .....

Exercise 17

Complete each sentence.

1. The meem sakinah before م merges: it is idgham ___.

   .....

2. The ghunnah lasts about ___ counts.

   .....

3. You get a single ___ meem.

   .....

4. The meem comes from the ___.

   .....

Exercise 18

Put the steps in order: write the number of each step (1 = first).

1. Merge the two meems into a single doubled meem.
   .....
2. Spot a meem sakinah.
   .....
3. Make the ghunnah for about 2 counts.
   .....
4. Look at the next letter: is it م?
   .....

Exercise 19

Answer the vocabulary question.

1. What does “shafawi” mean in the name of this rule?
   .....

Exercise 20

Writing task: explain the rule to a classmate in a few sentences.

1. Explain idgham shafawi in three sentences.
   .....

Exercise 21

Match each case with its name (idgham shafawi, ikhfa shafawi or izhar shafawi).

1. مْ + م
   .....
2. مْ + ب
   .....
3. مْ + ل
   .....
4. مْ + و
   .....